



Application Support by QoS Middleware

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- Motivation
- QoS Middleware Architecture
- Support of Application Development
- Support of Legacy Applications
- Overall Scenario
- Conclusions & Outlook





Motivation

- DiffServ approach as most promising solution for QoS in the Internet
- **Two disadvantages:**
 - No QoS guarantees \rightarrow AQUILA approach
 - Gap between QoS in the *network* and the *applications* \rightarrow this talk
- Need for QoS middleware to access the AQUILA's QoS network
- Support of different applications types:
 - Legacy (non QoS-aware) apps
 - Newly developed applications and Internet services





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Architecture

End-user Application Toolkit (EAT) as QoS middleware between

- Applications & end-users and
- AQUILA Resource Control Layer (RCL)

Requirements from the applications:

- Several interfaces towards applications & users
- Support of automatic and manual reservations
- Different levels of QoS abstraction

Requirements from the RCL:

- CORBA interface to Admission Control Agent
- Use of network services
- Technical requirements concerning reservations etc.









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Support of Application Development

EAT API provides interfaces & functions for:

- User authentication
- Service retrieval
- Application Profile retrieval
- Reservation request & release
 - at different levels of QoS abstraction
 - uni-, bi-directional, groups
- Accounting information
- CORBA-based API
- Use of design patterns: composite, abstract factory



information society technologies

EAT API (Extract)







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Support of Legacy Applications

Manual support

- QoS Portal
- Application Profiles & EAT Converter

Automatic support

Protocol Gateways (or Proxies)





QoS Portal – Manual Support

- Web-based GUI to access the EAT and to use AQUILA QoS
- 1) Login
- 2) Choose reservation level
- 3) Do an advanced reservation (mainly for AQUILA people)

or

- 3) Do a regular reservation
 - a) Choose a predefined application (profile)
 - b) Choose a predefined QoS option for each service component

App utilisation phase

- 4) Release the reservation
- 5) Logout

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Application Profiles (1)

- Syntax to describe applications' QoS characteristics
- Supports conversation between different levels:
 - Network level → AQUILA reservation request
 - Application level → Implementation issues (service components)
 - End-user level \rightarrow QoS Portal
- One Application Profile for each app
- Several Service Component Profiles
 - Audio, Video, Data, etc.
- XML profile repository for EAT





Application Profiles (2)







Converter

Automatic conversation between Application Profile levels:

1) Preparation of QoS options

- Considering the options defined in the Service Component Profile
- Considering the end-user's SLAs (subscribed network services)

2) Calculation of reservation parameters

• Considering the chosen QoS option





Protocol Gateways – Automatic Support

Interception/Sniffing of signalling messages to

- Detect IP addresses and dynamically negotiated port numbers
- Analyse multimedia content concerning CODECs

Interworking with EAT management

- Initiation of reservation requests without user involvement
 → automatic reservation (SIP Proxy)
- Completion of former established manual reservations
 → half-automatic reservation (H.323 Proxy)

Extensible Proxy Framework

Controlled by a Proxy Manager











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Overall Scenario







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Conclusions & Outlook (1)

EAT in general

- Distributed architecture
- Three main interfaces for applications:

1. API

- Application development
- Specific for AQUILA
- Concepts for reuse: reservation groups, etc.

2. QoS Portal

- On top of the API
- Existing prototype for QoS reservations for AQUILA
- Concept for Complex Internet Services like Mediazine





Conclusions & Outlook (2)

3. Proxies

- Existing automatic proxy for SIP, half-automatic for H.323
- Idea: new automatic proxies for H.323, RSVP based on the framework
- Open: integration of application/codec profiles

Application Profiles & Converter

- Used by the API, Portal
- Existing profiles for NetMeeting, RealSystem, OIDS Game
- New profiles on the base on templates for CODECs





More Information?

www.ist-aquila.org

