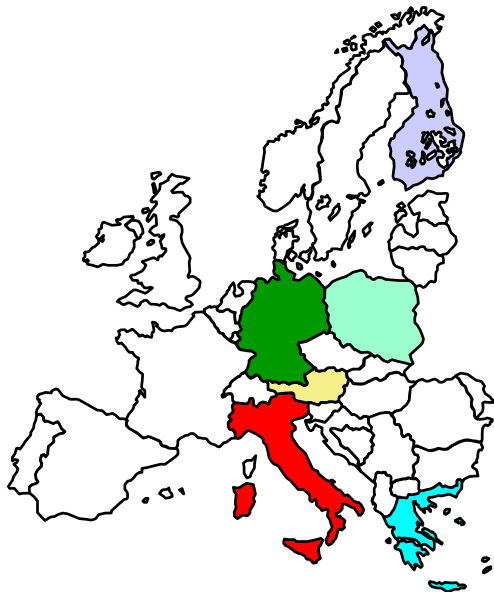
**AQUILA** (IST-1999-10077)



**Adaptive Resource Control for QoS
Using an IP-based Layered Architecture**

**Information Society Technologies
for
*Broadband Europe***

October 9 - 11, 2002



Bert F. Koch **SIEMENS**

<http://www.ist-aquila.org/>

Outline

- **Network Services**
- **AQUILA Architecture**
- **Inter-domain QoS**
- **AQUILA and GÉANT**
- **Outlook**

Consortium

SIEMENS



Siemens, Germany



NTUA, Greece



arvato systems, Germany



Elisa Communications,
Finland

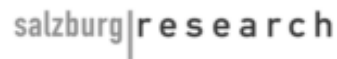
BERTELSMANN



Dresden Univ. of
Technology, Germany



CoRiTeL, Italy



Salzburg Research,
Austria



Q-Systems, Greece



T-Systems Nova,
Germany



Telekom Austria,
Austria



Polish Telecom, Poland

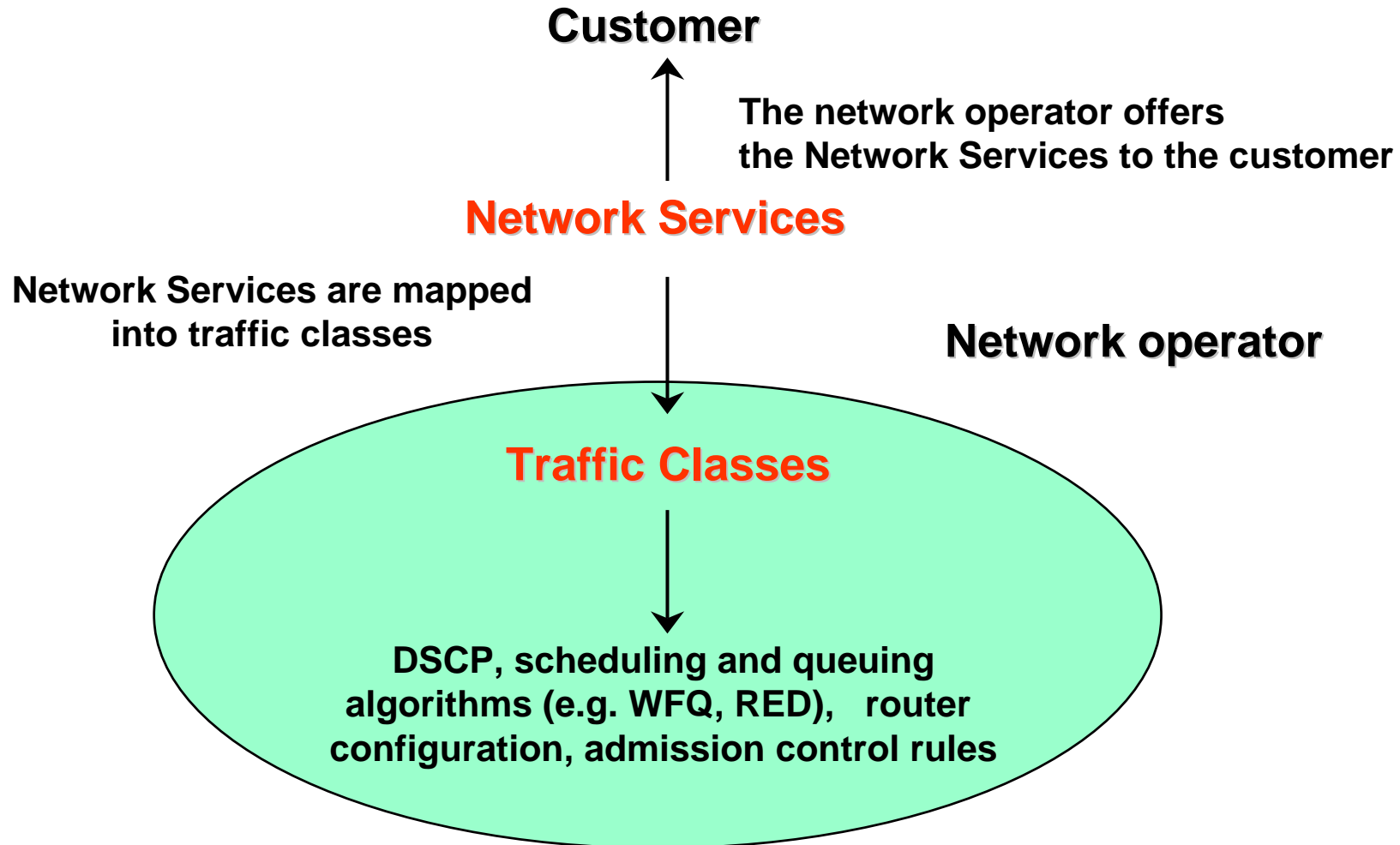


Warsaw Univ. of
Technology, Poland

Main Objectives

- Investigate dynamic end-to-end QoS Provisioning in IP Networks
- Implement Prototypes of a QoS Architecture for a Carrier Grade DiffServ Core Network
- Support a wide Range of Applications by providing a QoS Toolkit / API
- Continuously analyse Customer Requirements, Market Situations and Technological Trends and develop Business Models
- Contribute to Standardisation Bodies like IETF, ITU, ETSI, etc.

Traffic Classes

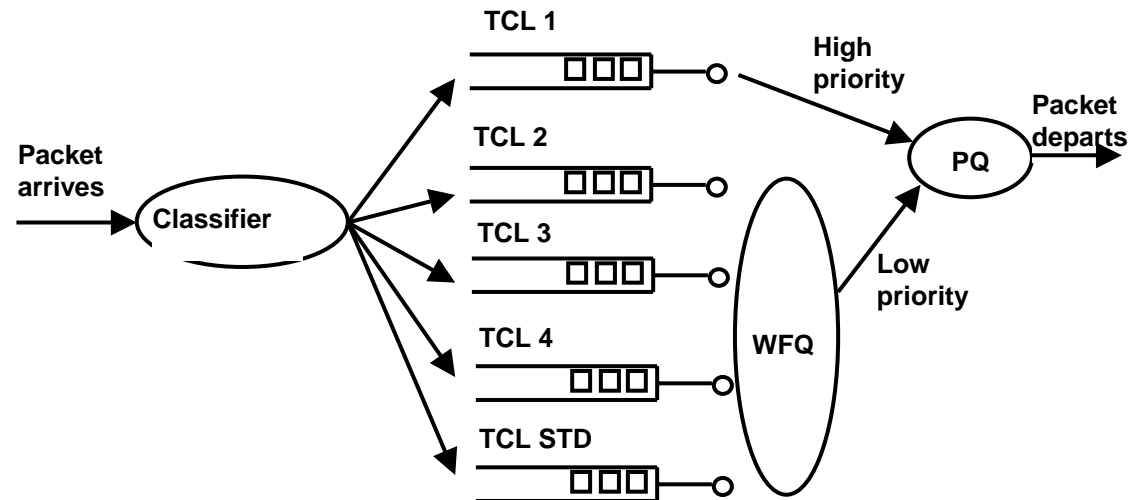


Traffic Classes

- Five Traffic Classes have been specified

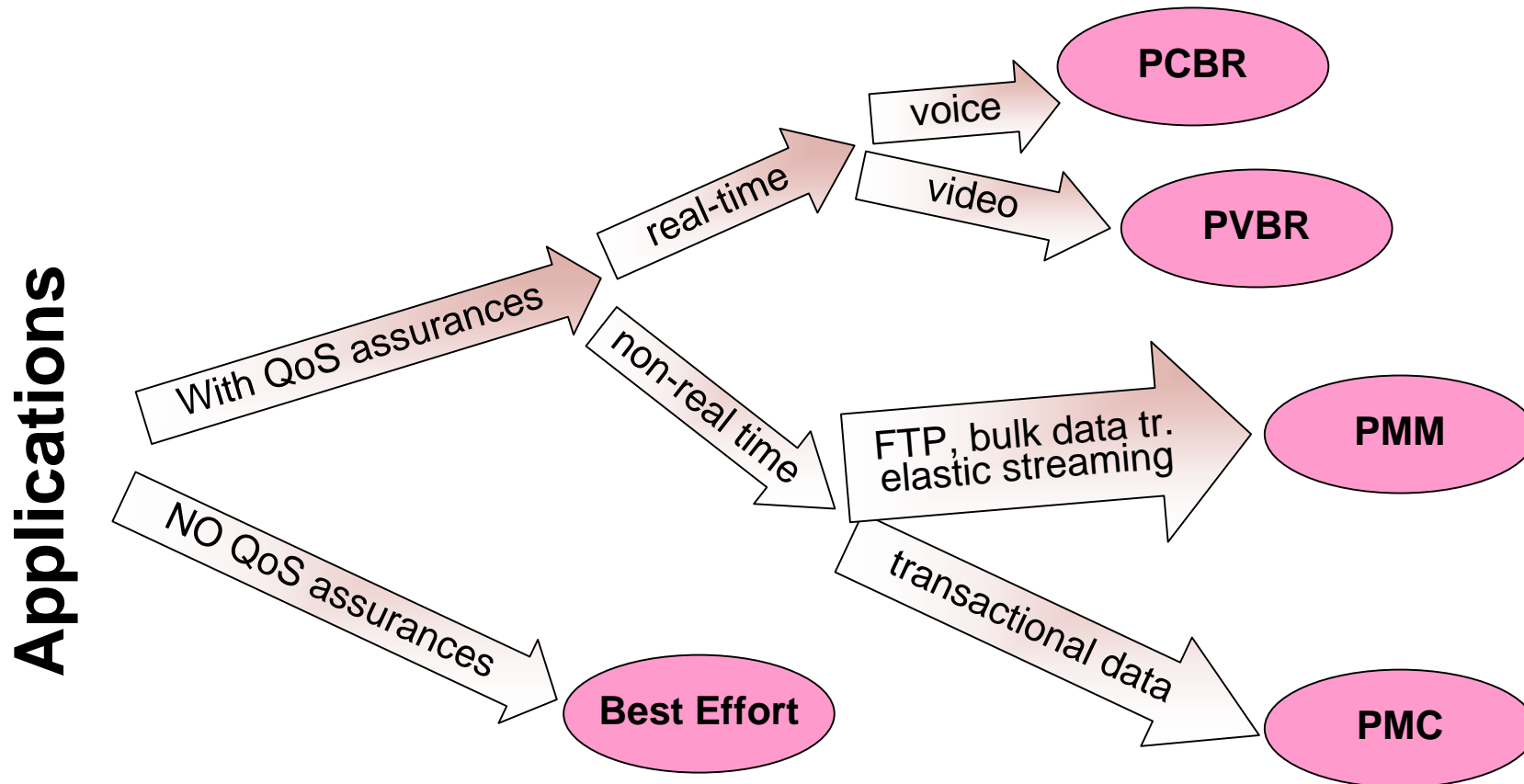
Network service	Premium CBR	Premium VBR	Premium MultiMedia	Premium Mission Critical	Standard
Traffic class	TCL 1	TCL 2	TCL 3	TCL 4	TCL STD

- ... as well as the related Traffic Control Mechanisms in the Routers



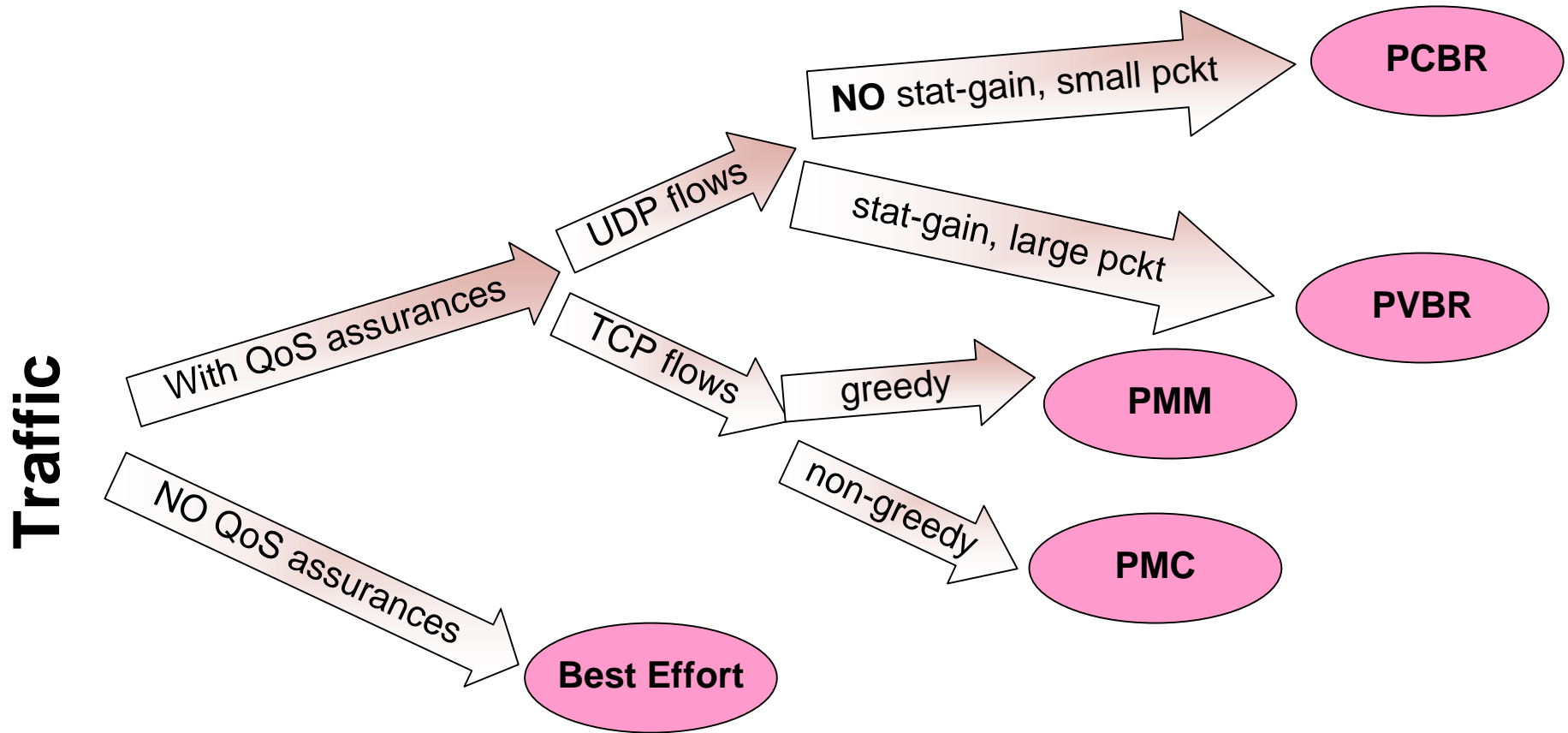
Why different Network Services ?

An application-oriented perspective...



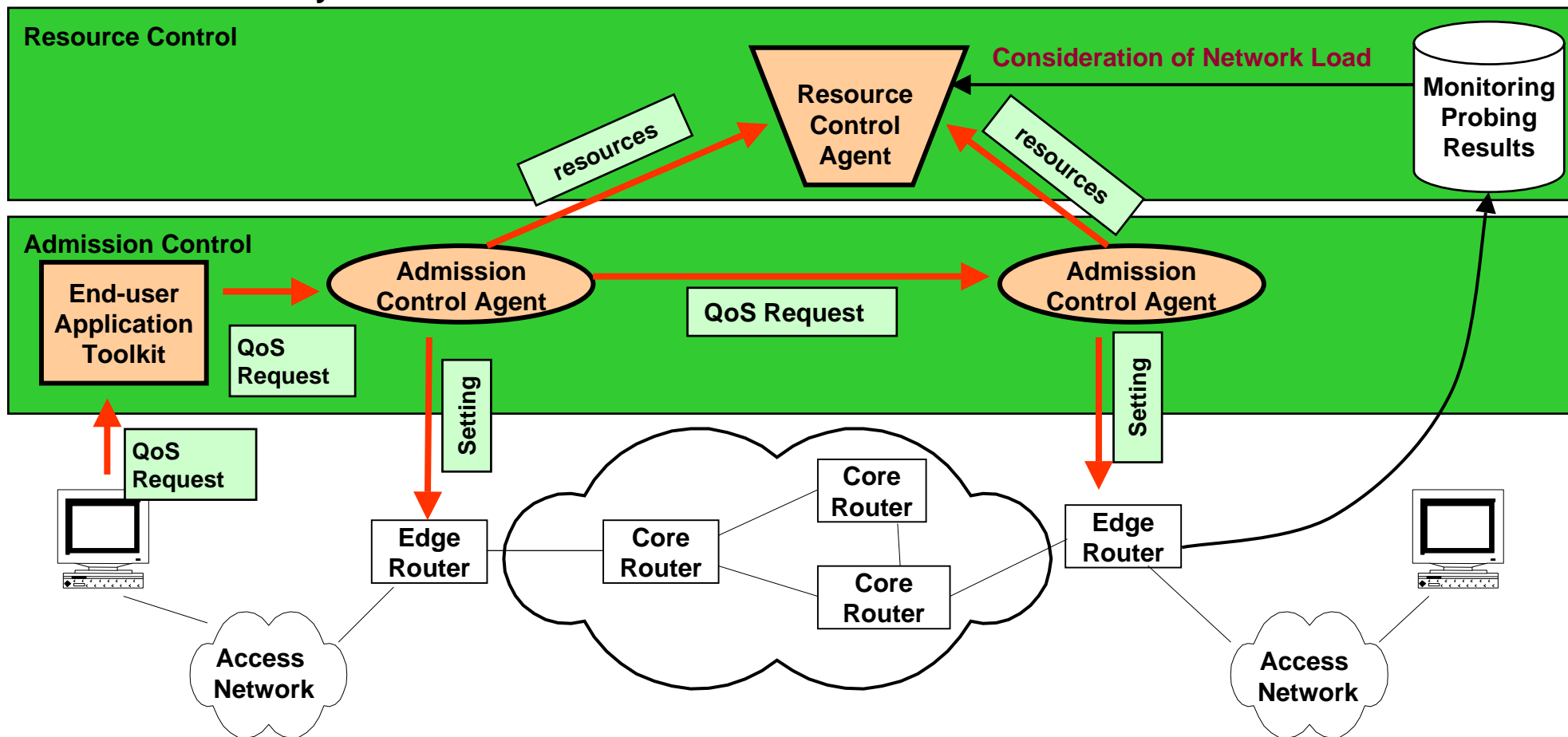
Why different Network Services ?

A traffic-oriented perspective...



Architecture

Resource Control Layer



Resource Pools

■ Resource Limits

- Limit amount of QoS traffic from each edge router

■ Group neighboured Routers

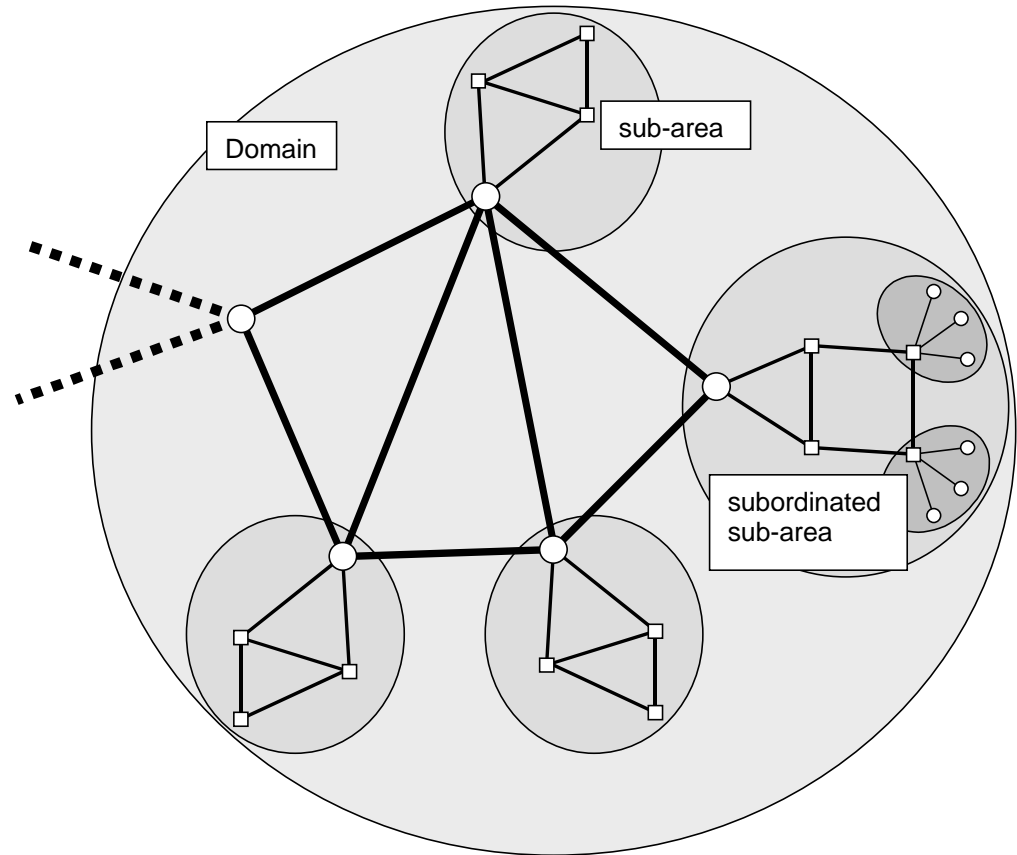
- Limit amount of QoS traffic from each group

■ Dynamic Distribution

- Dynamically shift resources within group

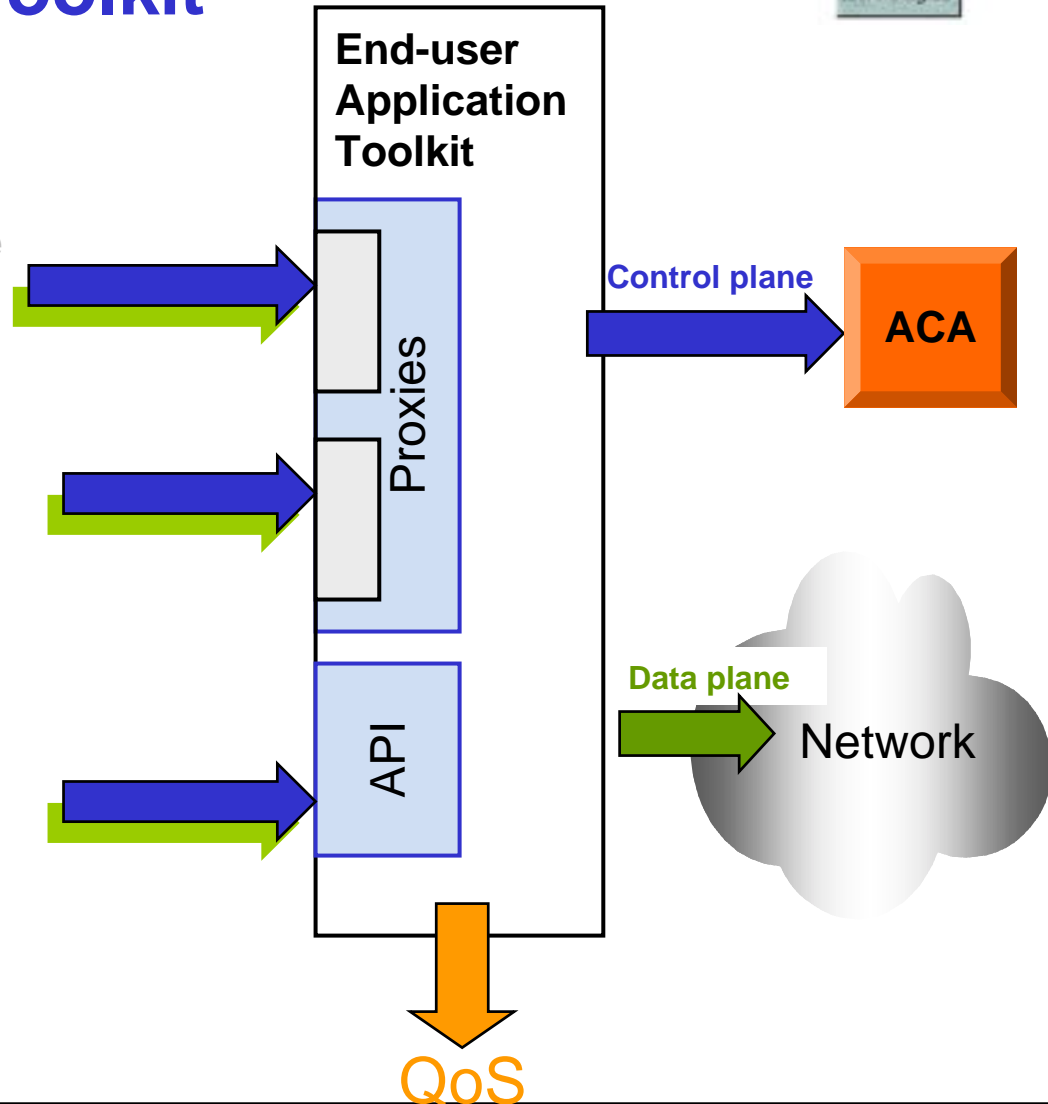
■ Hierarchical Structure

- “Groups of groups”



End-user Application Toolkit Objectives

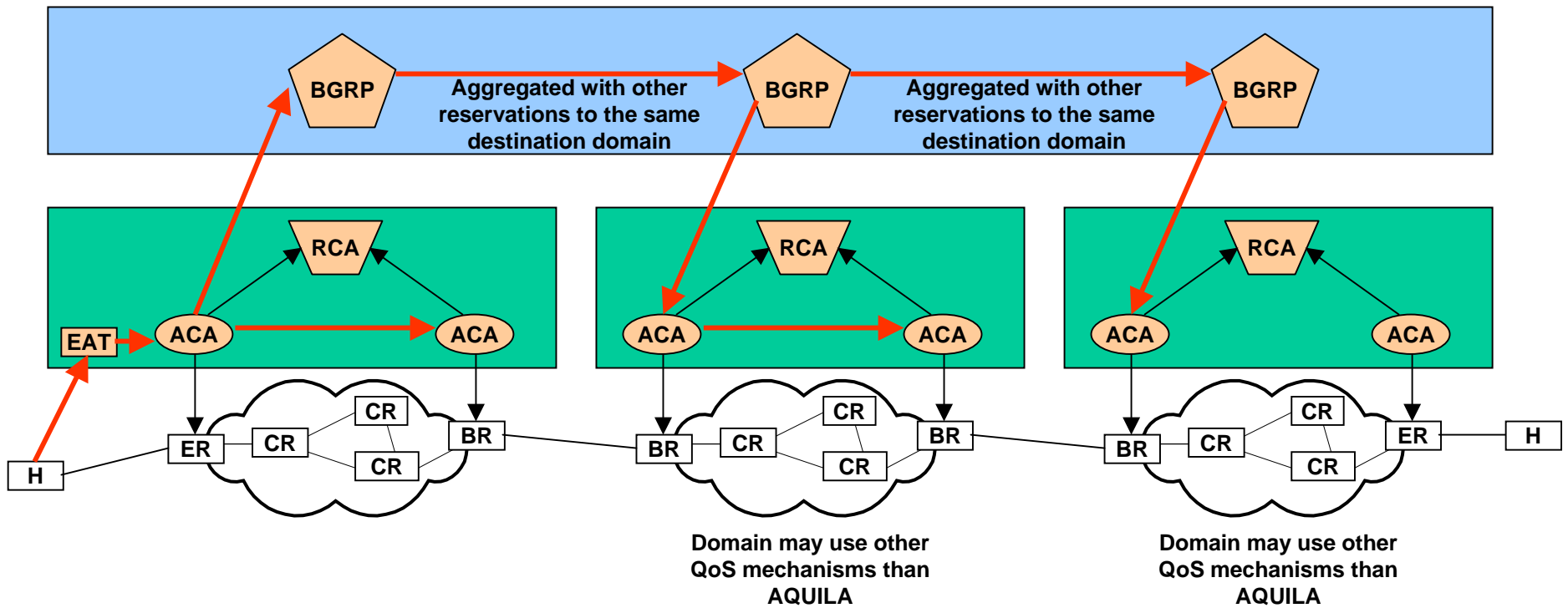
- **Enable Access to QoS to non QoS aware Legacy Applications**
- **Support QoS aware Applications (RSVP, DiffServ) / Support various QoS Request Methods**
- **Provide a Methodology and a Programming Interface to support the Construction of new QoS aware Applications**
- **Provide an End-user friendly QoS Access**



Lessons Learnt from 1st Trial

- **Verification of AQUILA QoS architecture**
- **Network services**
 - fulfil assumptions
 - Delay, packet loss \leq specification
 - do not mix streaming and elastic traffic in one service
 - else UDP will degrade TCP
 - UDP will not reach QoS
 - Fair bandwidth sharing for TCP flows
- **Resource and admission control**
 - General mechanisms work
- **Router**
 - WFQ noticeably degrades performance of Cisco routers

Inter-domain Resource Control



2nd Trial Features

- **Evaluation of Measurement Based Admission Control (MBAC)**
 - Feedback for improved network utilisation

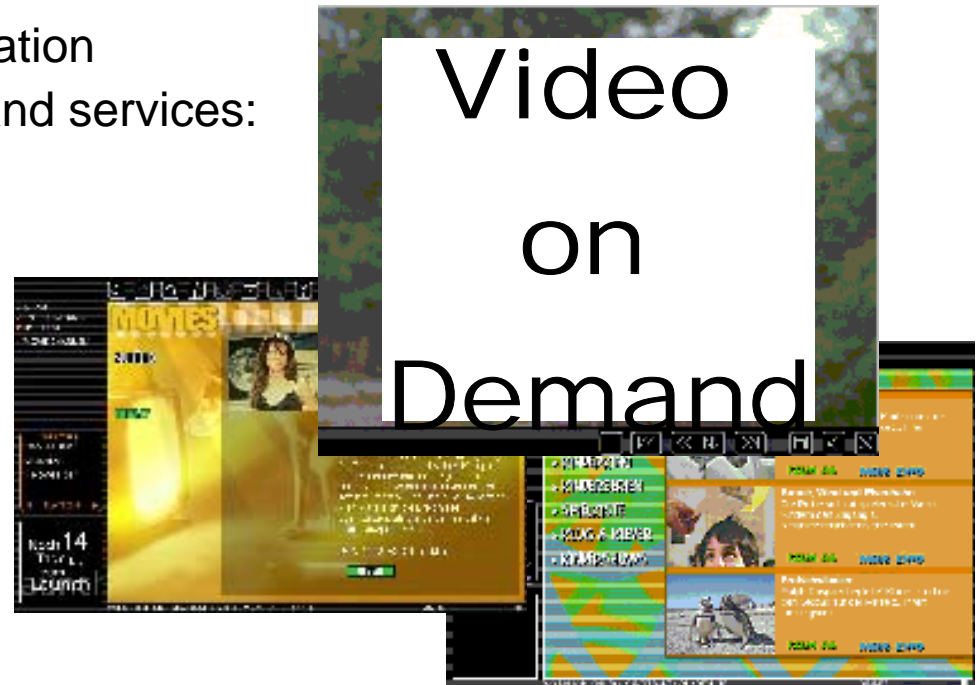
- **Real user involvement in Warsaw, Vienna and Salzburg**
 - Subjective and objective tests

- **Inter-domain QoS provisioning**
 - Near-to-reality, scalability, BGRP

- **Complex Internet Service (CIS)**
 - Mediazine, SIGMA, HotStreams

QoS applications used in the 2nd trial

- **NetMeeting**
- **SIGMA (Sip-based IntelliGent Multimedia Application)**
- **Mediazine**
 - IP based Internet / TV application
 - Different multimedia broadband services:
 - video / audio on demand
 - games
 - news
 - email
 - chat
 - e-commerce



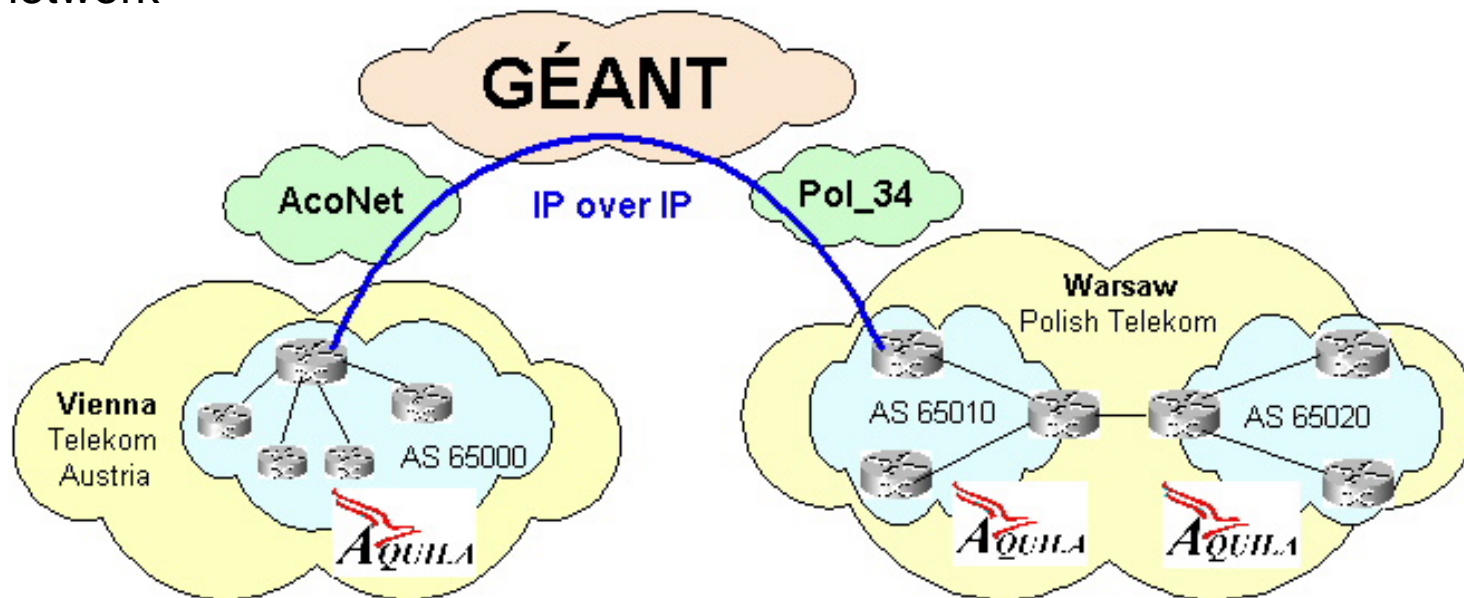
Mediazine Screen Shots



Trials of inter-domain AQUILA architecture

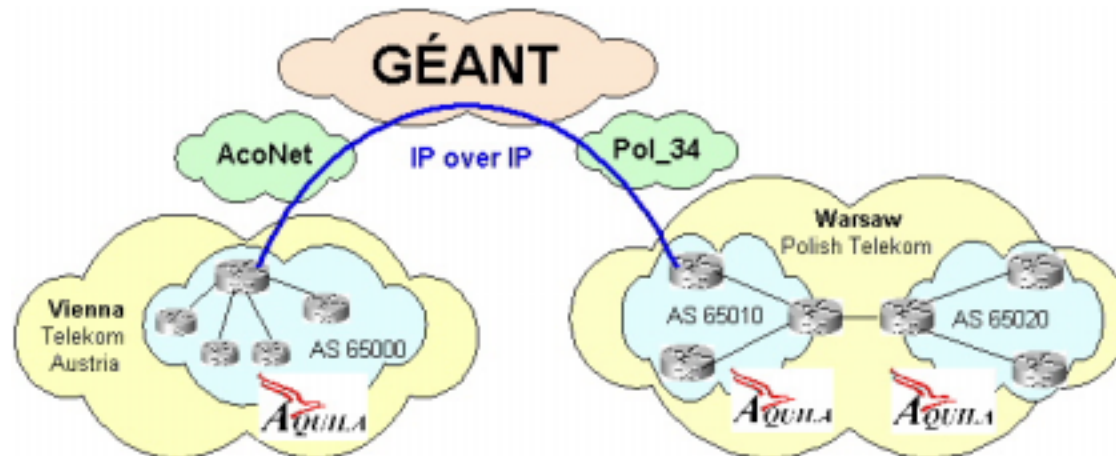
■ Trials are performed to evaluate the benefits of the AQUILA inter-domain architecture

- Testing environment should be as close as possible to the real conditions
- In order to achieve this, the testbeds located in Polish Telecom (Warsaw) and in Telecom Austria (Vienna) were inter-connected via the GÉANT network



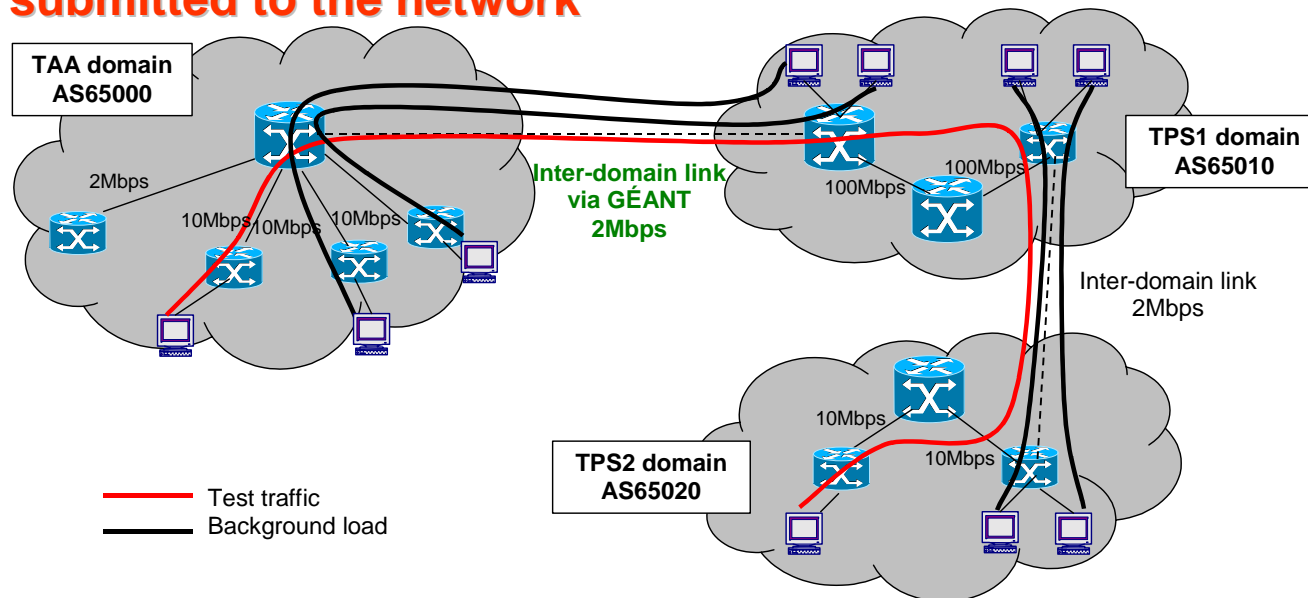
AQUILA connects with SEQUIN / GÉANT

- Four AQUILA traffic classes would be mapped into Premium IP
- DiffServ Code Points (DSCP) would be changed
- AQUILA traffic between Warsaw and Vienna must not be interfered during this trial
- In the future, Globally Well-Known Services (GWKS) may help



Trials of efficiency of inter-domain network services

- Artificial traffic flows, emulating the traffic generated by applications, are submitted to the network

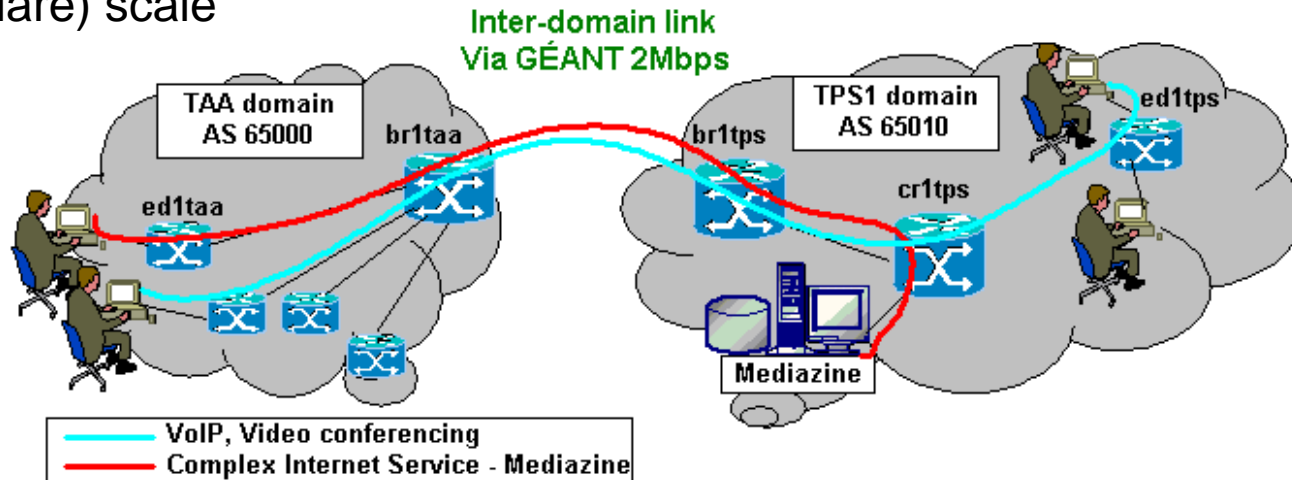


- QoS metrics (i.e. delay, jitter, packet loss, etc) are measured by using the measurement tools
- Thanks to GÉANT Premium IP service, the interconnection link is transparent from the point of view of achieved QoS

Trials with real users

■ Demonstration of benefits of QoS to the „real” users

- Users are located in Vienna and in Warsaw
- Applications used for the trial
 - Voice over IP - SIP user agent
 - Videoconference – NetMeeting
 - Complex Internet Service - Mediazine
- QoS perceived by the users is evaluated in terms of MOS (mean opinion square) scale



Experiences with GÉANT


- **Establishment within shortest time from initial request (04/2002)**
- **SEQUIN / GÉANT network engineers very helpful**
- **Network fulfills the AQUILA requirements**
 - Positively proven using applications like ftp, telnet, AQUILA QMTool, ...
- **AQUILA started it's 2nd trial using the NREN/GÉANT infrastructure**
 - Test scenarios for inter-domain QoS provisioning
 - Evaluation of MBAC
 - Real user involvement in Warsaw, Vienna and Salzburg

Outlook

■ Enhancement of Standardization Activities

- Inter-domain QoS signalling: the BGRP+ architecture
 - draft-salsano-bgrpp-arch-00.txt (May 14, 2002)
 - » requirements and scalability of inter-domain resource reservation
 - draft-nikolouzou-bgrpp-sim-00.txt (July 26, 2002)
 - » mechanisms for inter-domain resource management and simulation results
- Standardized GWKS
- Standardization of DiffServ usage (like port numbers e.g.)

■ Further availability of pan-European (and international) Research Network infrastructure

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**Thank you for
your attention !**

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